Docket No.: 21229-00205-US

transmitting high frequency ultrasound waves whose nominal frequency is included within the range from 30 to 100 MHz and with a large pass band, adapted to frequencies reflected by the tissue;

focusing beams of ultrasound transmission in a given zone of the tissue over a vertical penetration distance of between 20 and 30 mm;

acquiring signals reflected by the tissue during a scan; and processing the acquired signals to form an image of the scanned tissue.

- 12. (New) The process according to claim 11, wherein the tissue to be scanned is in a posterior segment of an ocular globe.
- 13. (New) The process according to claim 11, wherein the tissue to be scanned is in an anterior segment of an ocular globe.
- 14. (New) The process according to claim 11, wherein the tissue to be scanned is in a human ocular globe.
- 15. (New) The process according to claim 11, wherein the tissue to be scanned is investigated during an examination chosen from the group consisting of gynaecology, obstetrics, gastro-enterology, cardio-vascular, coelioscopy, or dermatology.
- 16. (New) An apparatus for displaying scanned ultrasound images of tissue structure, the apparatus comprising:

an ultrasound probe mounted to a mechanical head;

a three-dimensional positioning system mounting the head thereto for positioning the probe in proximate orthogonal relation to the tissue;

computer means for controlling the three-dimensional positioning system thereby moving the probe during a scan;

the probe transmitting high frequency ultrasound waves whose nominal frequency is included within the range from 30 to 100 MHz and with a large pass band, adapted to

Docket No.: 21229-00205-US

frequencies reflected by the tissue;

means for focusing beams of ultrasound transmission in a given zone of the tissue over a vertical penetration distance of between 20 and 30 mm;

means for acquiring signals reflected by the tissue during a scan; and means for processing the acquired signals to form an image of the scanned tissue.

- 17. (New) The apparatus set forth in claim 16, together with means for electronically modifying a focal distance of the ultrasound probe in order to adjust the focal point of the probe.
- 18. (New) The apparatus set forth in claim 16, together with a servo-mechanism system for mechanically modifying focal distance of the ultrasound probe.
- 19. (New) The apparatus set forth in claim 16, wherein the computer means for controlling the three-dimensional positioning system steers stepping motors that permits the probe to generate an arciform scan of the tissue.
- 20. (New) The apparatus set forth in claim 16, wherein the computer means for controlling the three-dimensional positioning system steers stepping motors that permits the probe to generate a Cartesian scan of the tissue.
- 21. (New) The apparatus set forth in claim 16, together with coupling means connected at a first end thereof to the probe, an opposite end being opened, for directing the ultrasound waves toward the tissue.